

Def: A regularity structure consists

of:

- a graded vector space

$$T = \bigoplus_{\alpha \in A} T_{\alpha} \quad A \subset \mathbb{R} \text{ discrete}$$

odd below

each T_{α} a Banach space

- a group $G \subset L(T, T)$ s.t. $\forall \Gamma \in G$

$$\forall \tau \in T_{\alpha} \quad \Gamma \tau - \tau \in \bigoplus_{\beta < \alpha} T_{\beta} = T_{< \alpha}$$

Morphisms

consists of

$$\Phi: (T, G) \rightarrow (T', G')$$

$$\varphi: T \rightarrow T' \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \varphi: T_\alpha \rightarrow T'_\alpha$$

$$\theta: G' \rightarrow G \quad \text{s.t.}$$

$$\Gamma' \varphi(\tau) = \varphi(\theta(\Gamma')\tau)$$

$$\Phi = (\varphi, \theta)$$

$$\Phi' = (\varphi', \theta')$$

\Rightarrow

$$\Phi \circ \Phi' := (\varphi \circ \varphi', \theta' \circ \theta)$$

$$(\varphi' \circ \varphi)(\theta \circ \theta'(\Gamma''))\tau = \varphi'(\varphi(\theta(\theta'(\Gamma''))\tau))$$

$$= \varphi'(\theta'(\Gamma''))\varphi(\tau) = \Gamma''\varphi'(\varphi(\tau))$$

$$= \Gamma''(\varphi' \circ \varphi)(\tau)$$

The space of models. Fix some \mathbb{R}^d with some scaling

Fix a reg. struc. (T, G) . A model (Π, Γ) for (T, G) consists of

$$\mathbb{R}^d \ni x \mapsto \Pi_x \in \mathcal{L}(T, \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^d))$$

$$(x, y) \mapsto \Gamma_{xy} \in G \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \Pi_x \Gamma_{xy} = \Pi_y$$

$$\Gamma_{xy} \cdot \Gamma_{yz} = \Gamma_{xz}$$

We also enforce the following analytic bounds:

$$\forall \tau \in T_\alpha \quad \left| \left(\prod_x \tau \right) (\varphi_x^\lambda) \right| \leq C |\tau|_\alpha \lambda^\alpha$$

$$\left| \Gamma_{xy} \tau \right|_\beta \leq C |x-y|^{\alpha-\beta} |\tau|_\alpha$$

uniformly over $\lambda \in (0, 1]$, $\varphi \in \mathcal{B}_r$, loc.
uniform in x .
 $r > -\min A$

The spaces \mathcal{D}^δ . Fix reg. struc (T, G)
and model (Π, Γ) .

$F \in \mathcal{D}^\delta$ if $F: \mathbb{R}^d \rightarrow T_{<\delta}$ s.t

$$\|F(x) - \sqrt{|x-y|} F(y)\|_\alpha \leq C |x-y|^{\delta-\alpha}$$

Thm: $\forall \gamma > 0 \exists! \mathcal{R}: \mathcal{D}^\gamma \rightarrow \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^d)$

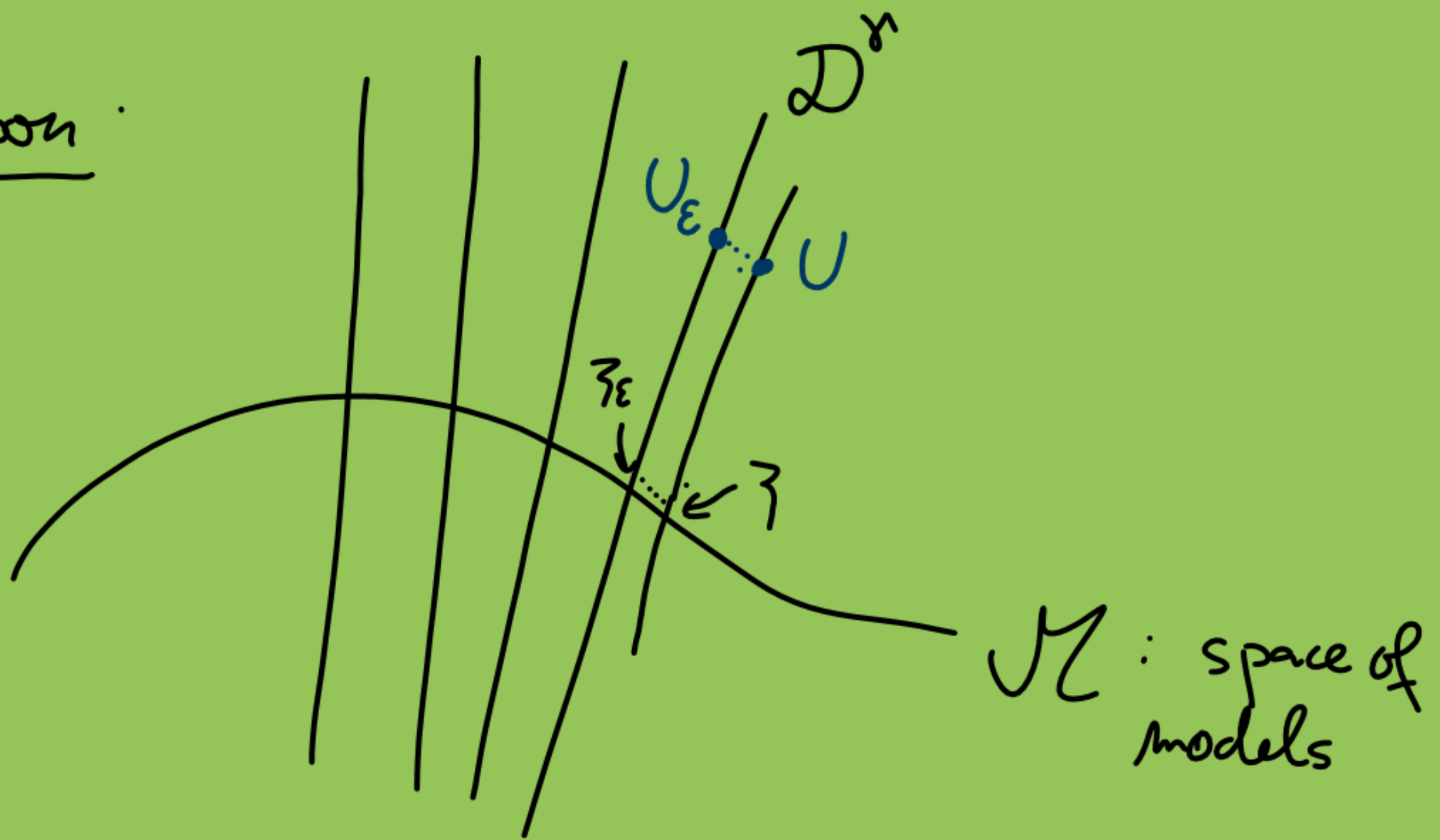
s.t.

$$\left| (\mathcal{R}F - \overline{\Pi}_x F(x))(\varphi_x^\lambda) \right| \leq c \|F\|_{\mathcal{D}_r^\gamma}$$

$\forall \gamma < 0 \exists \mathcal{R}: \mathcal{D}^\gamma \rightarrow \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^d)$ s.t. \Uparrow

Rem: $\mathcal{R}F \in \mathcal{C}^{\min A}$

Cartoon



Ex: Controlled rough paths (T. Lyons,
M. Gubinelli)

$$dx_i = F_{ij}(x) dW_j$$

$$\Rightarrow X_i(t) \approx X_i(s) \mathbf{1} + \underbrace{F_{ij}(x(s))}_{\substack{\downarrow \\ t}} \cdot \Delta W_j(s, t) \\ + \underbrace{\partial_e F_{ij}(x(s)) F_{el}(x(s))}_{\substack{\downarrow \\ s}} \int_s^t \Delta W_l(s, \tau) dW_j(\tau)$$

$$T = \mathbb{R} \oplus \mathbb{R}^m \oplus \mathbb{R}^{m^2}$$

$\deg 0$	$\deg \alpha$	$\deg 2\alpha$
ψ	ψ	ψ
$\mathbb{1}$	W_i	W_{ij}

$$(\overline{\Pi_S \mathbb{1}})(t) = 1$$

$$(\overline{\Pi_S W_{ij}})(t) = \int_S \delta W_i(s, n) dW_j(t)$$

$$(\overline{\Pi_S W_i})(t) = \delta W_i(s, t)$$